



# Geosynchronous Microwave (GEM) Sounder/Imager

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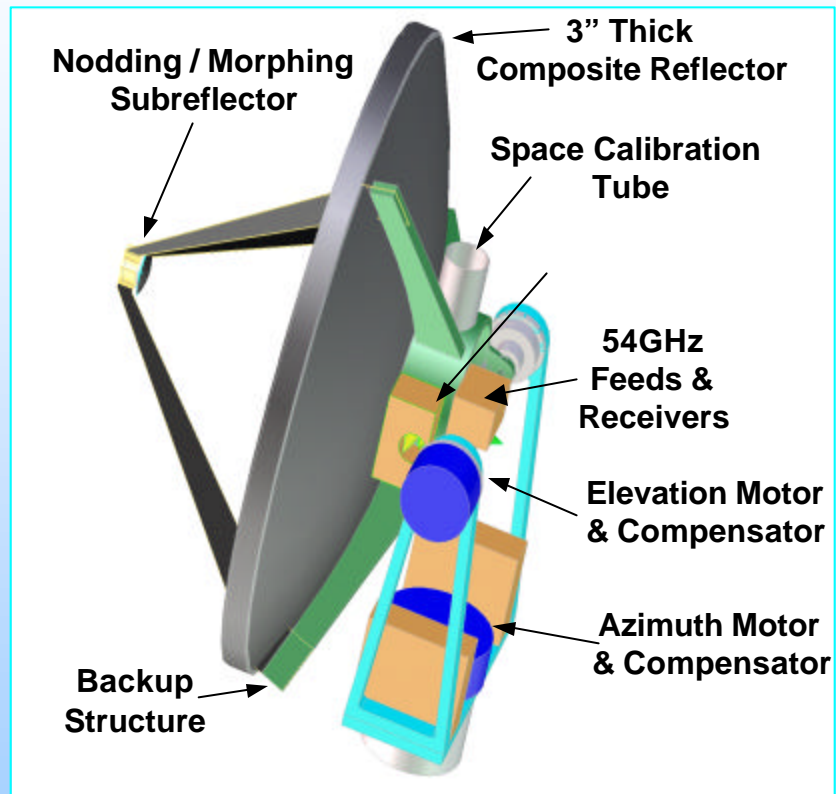
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Massachusetts Institute of Technology  
Cambridge, MA



# GMSWG\* Concept Summary



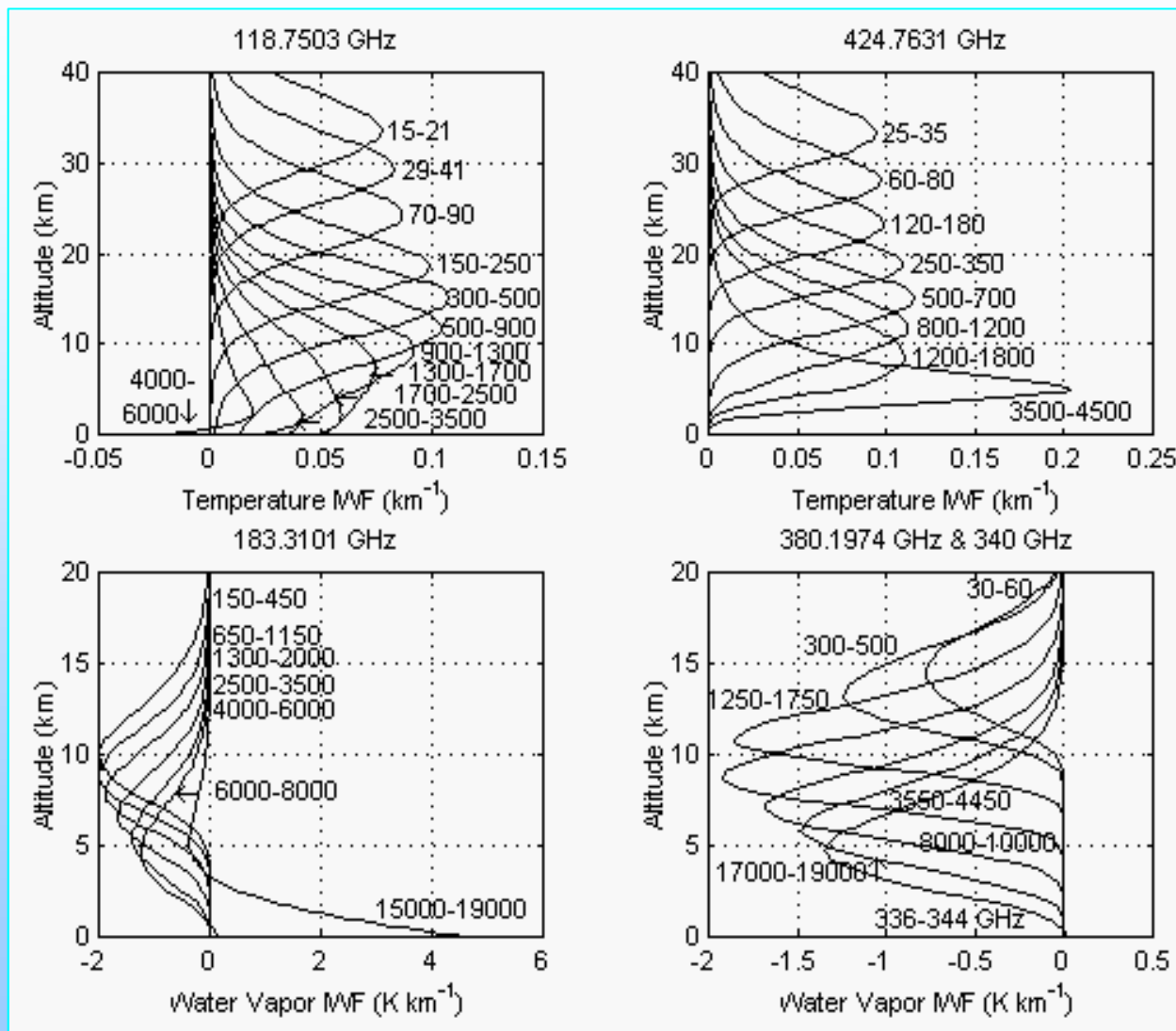
- **Baseline system using 54, 118, 183, 380, and 424 GHz with 2-meter aperture.**
- **~20 km equatorial resolution (15 km using oversampling) above 2-5 km altitude at highest frequency channels.**
- **The 380 and 424 GHz channels can map precipitation through most optically opaque clouds at sub-hourly intervals.**
- **Temperature and humidity sounding channels penetrate clouds sufficiently to drive NWP models with hourly data.**
- **Estimated costs: \$29M non-recurring plus ~\$26M per unit.**



\* Geosynchronous Microwave Sounder Working Group, Chair: D.H. Staelin (MIT Lincoln Laboratory)



# GEM Vertical Response



**Clear-air  
incremental  
weighting  
functions**

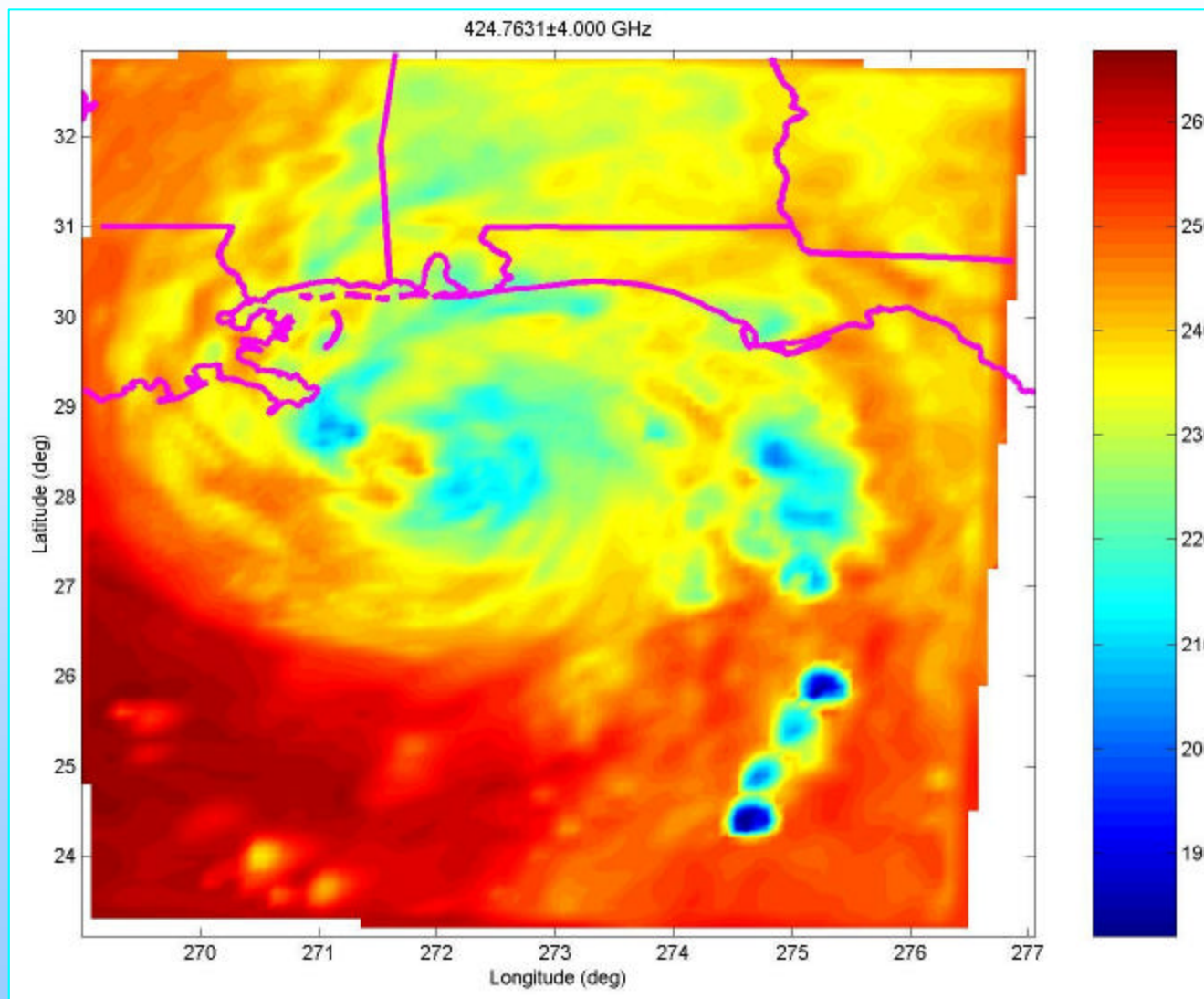
**O<sub>2</sub>**  
**118.750 GHz**  
**424.763 GHz**

**H<sub>2</sub>O**  
**183.310 GHz**  
**380.197/340**

Klein & Gasiewski,  
JGR-ATM,  
July 2000.



# GEM Simulated Imagery



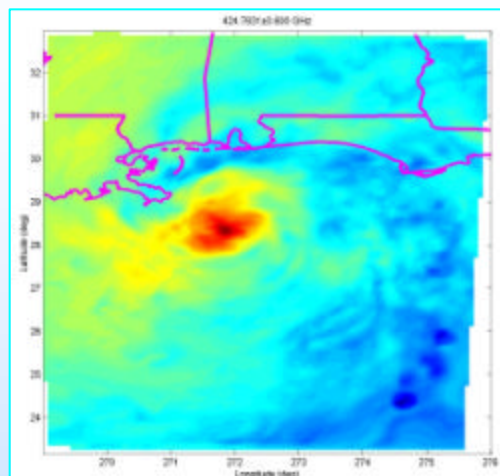
**MM5/Reisner  
5-phase  
simulation of  
Hurricane  
Opal, 1995**

Nested 5-km  
inner grid with  
MRT  
scattering-  
based RT  
model

424.763+/-4.0  
GHz channel



# GEM Simulated Imagery

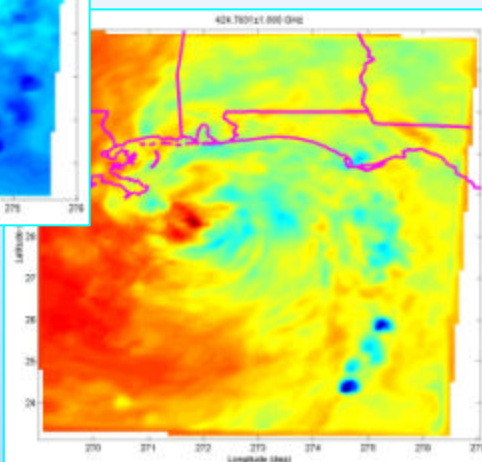


**+/-0.6 GHz**

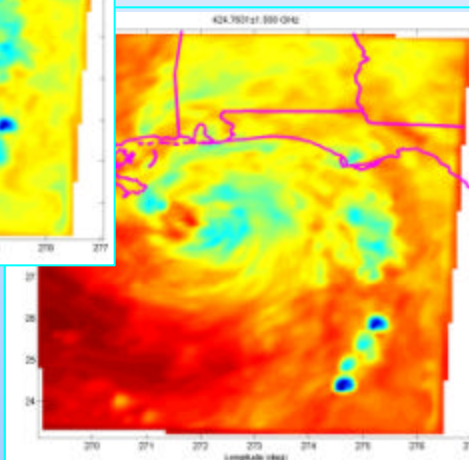
**Opaque**

***Hurricane Opal  
1995***

**+/-1.0 GHz**



**+/-1.5 GHz**

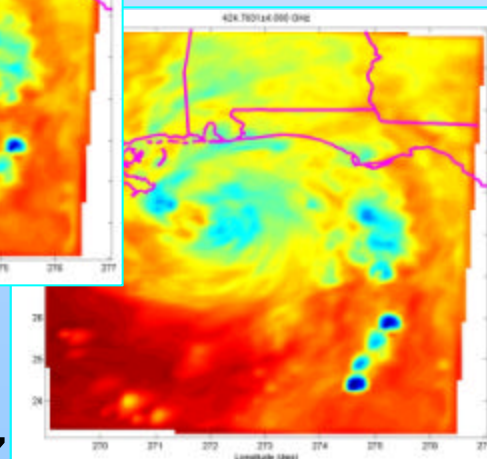


**Transparent**

***MM5/MRT***

***Reisner 5-phase***

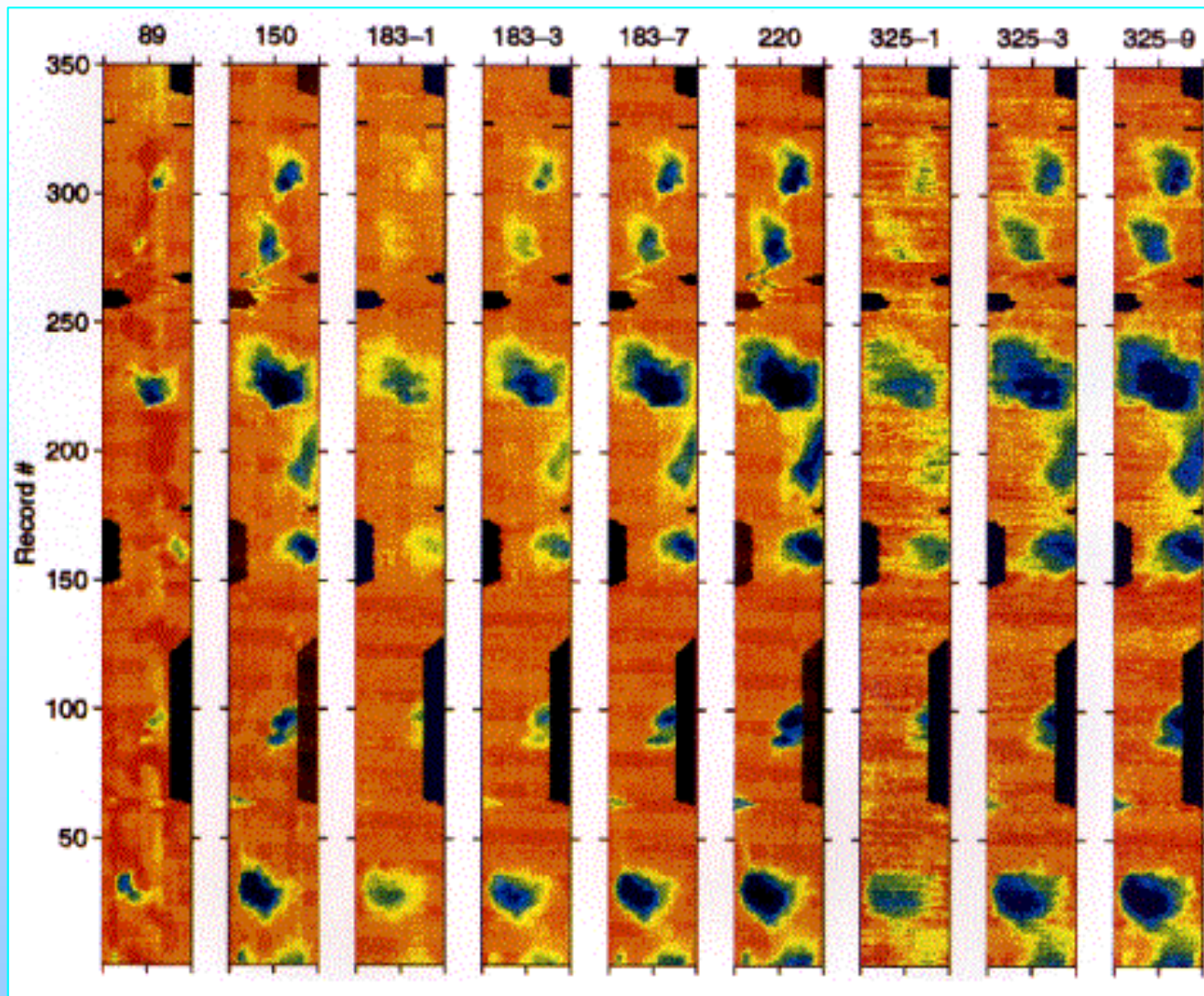
**424.763+/-4.0 GHz**







# SMMW Aircraft Imagery

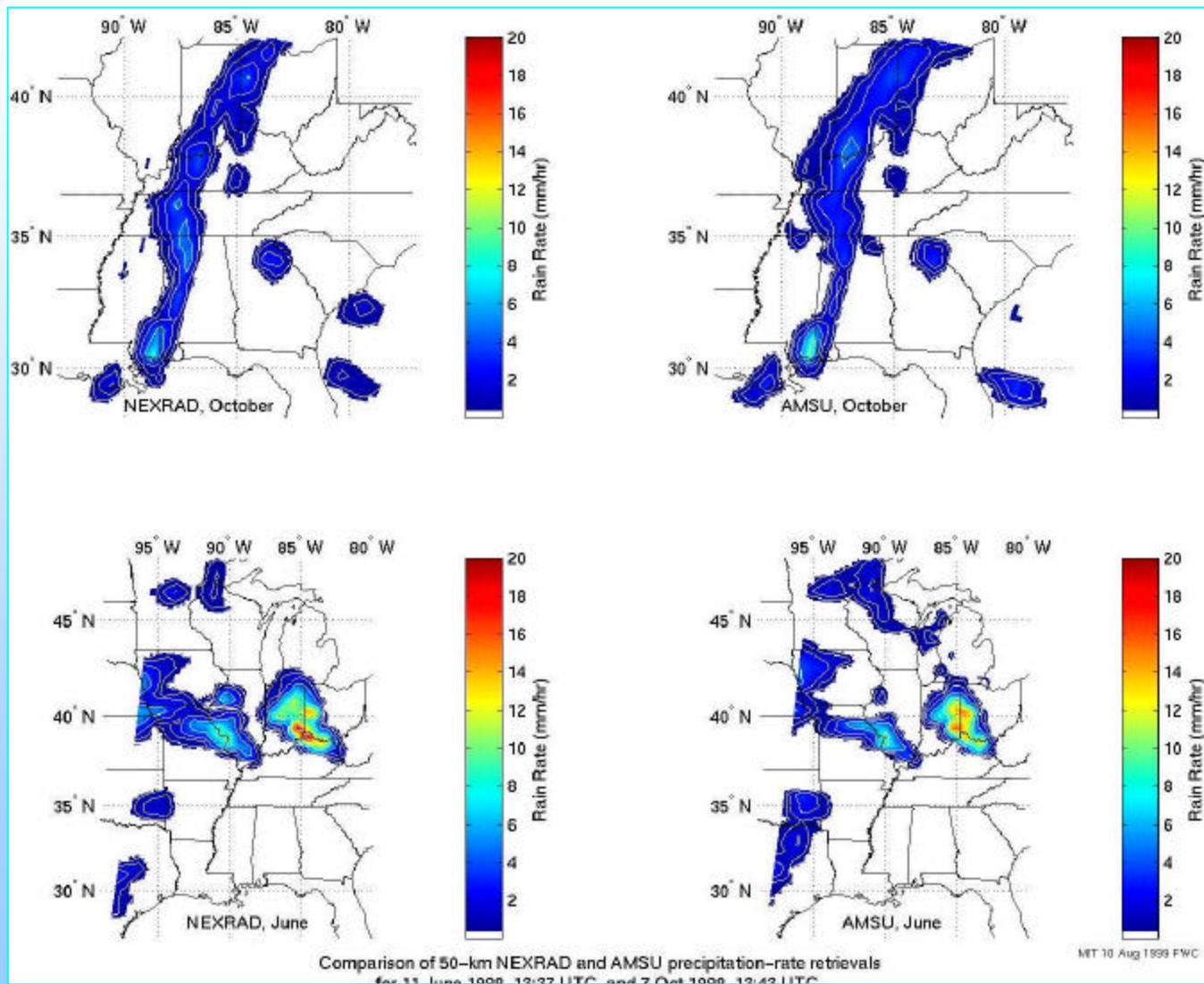


**Maritime convection observed using MIR on ER-2 at 20 km altitude. Strip map dimensions: ~40x200 km**

***Many cells missed at 89 GHz!***



# Opaque-Channel Retrievals



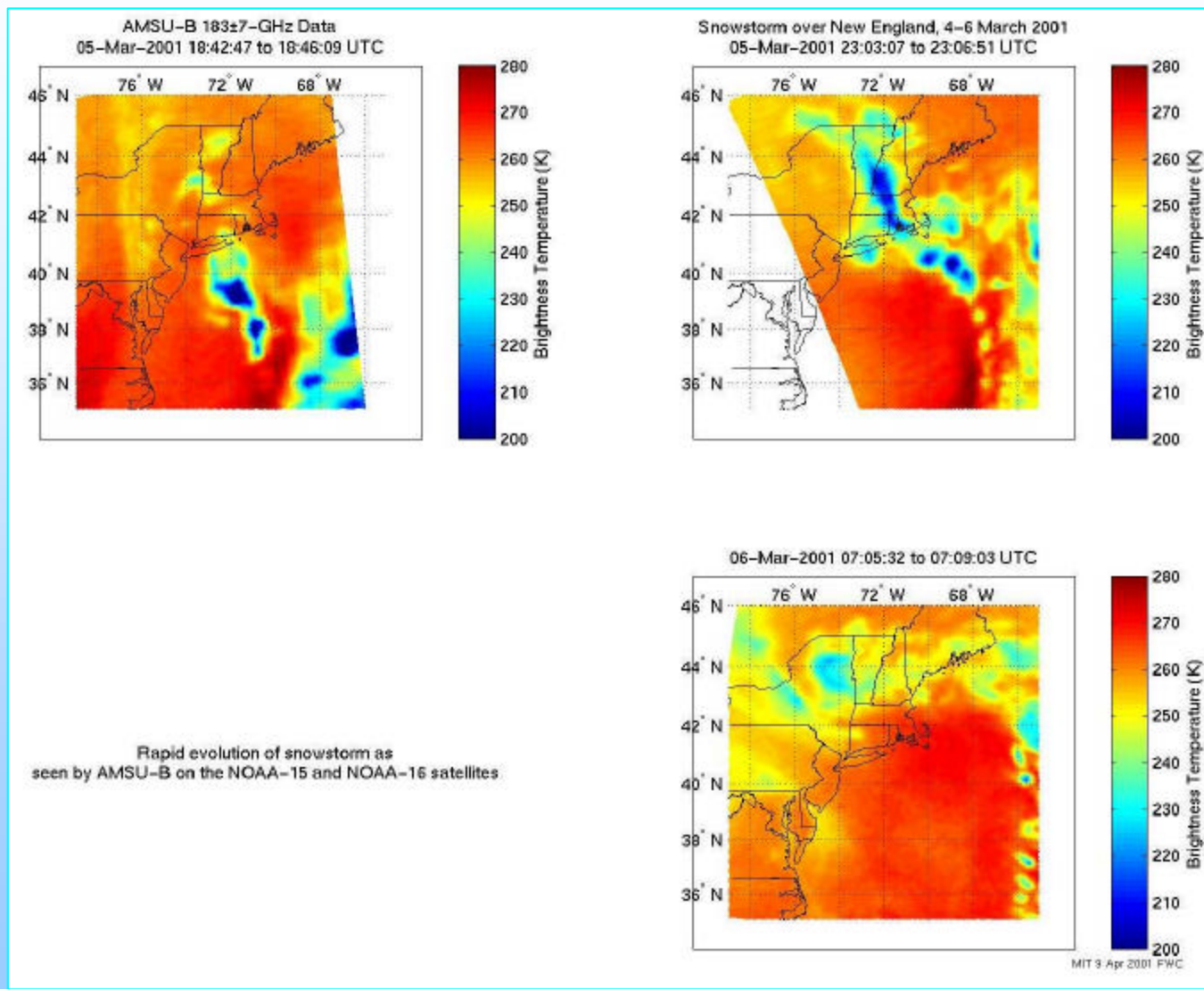
**NOAA-15  
AMSU with  
neural net  
retrieval,  
50 km  
resolution**

Staelin &  
Chen, *IEEE  
TGARS*,  
September  
2000.





# Rapid Precipitation Evolution



**March 5-6  
2001  
snowstorm  
observed  
using  
AMSU-B**

**4 and 8 hr  
time gaps**

***Major  
evolution  
can occur  
on short  
time scales!***





# GEM Cost/Benefit for GPM



#Additional Drones	Repeat Time	Cost (\$M)	
1	2.4 (hrs)	40	
2	2.0	80	Single HS cost break-point
3	1.7	120	
4	1.5	160	
5	1.3	200	
6	1.2	240	Global cost break-point
7	1.1	280	
8	1.0	320	
9	55 (mins)	360	
10	51	400	
15	38	600	
20	30	800	
25	25	1000	
30	21	1200	
35	18	1400	
40	16	1600	

**Assumptions:** GEM cost of \$30M + \$60M bus & launch = \$90M  
TMI-class drone cost of \$10M + \$30M bus+launch = \$40M  
3 NPOESS + GPM PR provided as GPM baseline system  
3 GEMs required for global tropical/midlatitude coverage



# GEM for GOES - Summary

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- GEM can be used as a cost-effective AMSU-class sounder/imager but with time-resolved observations of precipitation – complementary to ABS, GIFTS.
- Strength of convection anticipated to be measurable over both land and water.
- GEM concept study completed, antenna and scanning technology under development (MIT/LL, NASA/LaRC)
- Aircraft demonstration under development (NOAA/ETL)
- Demonstration of operational system possible within GPM timeframe. NMP 2007(?) GOES 2010+(?)